

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

Abuse Prevention Policies	2
Reporting Suspected Abuse & Neglect	3
Sexual Abuse, Sexual Misconduct and Sexual Harassment	5
Code of Professional Conduct for Church Personnel	10
Reporting Suspected Abuse or Neglect of Minors and Vulnerable Adults	14

## **Abuse Prevention Policies**

All Church Personnel are required to read and agree to the Safe Environment Abuse Prevention Policies of the Archdiocese of Seattle.

The Safe Environment Program Policy Packets include:

- *The Policy for the Prevention of & Response to Sexual Abuse, Sexual Misconduct, and Sexual Harassment*
- *The Code of Professional Conduct for Church Personnel*
- *The Reporting Suspected Abuse and Neglect of Minors and Vulnerable Adults*
- *The Safe Environment Program Church Personnel Agreement form*

The Safe Environment Program Church Personnel Agreement form must be signed within three days of beginning service. A new employee or volunteer may read and electronically sign the policies by registering for a Virtus profile.

A copy of the *Safe Environment Program Church Personnel Agreement form* must be retained in the volunteer/personnel file in perpetuity.

If the individual signs the policy electronically through Virtus, parish and schools will only be required to keep a screen shot of that policy.

The date that the *Safe Environment Program Church Personnel Agreement form* is signed must be recorded in Virtus.

## Reporting Suspected Abuse & Neglect

### How is Abuse Defined?

Abuse is an intentional act committed by a person in a position of trust which harms or threatens to harm a minor or vulnerable adult's physical or mental welfare.

### How to Report?

If you suspect that a child or vulnerable adult is being (or has been) abused, call the proper law enforcement agency or the Washington State DSHS hotline as soon as possible but no later than 48 hours after initial suspicion: **1-866-END-HARM** (1-866-363-4276; *TTY accessible*).

### Who Is A Mandated Reporter?

Washington State law requires the reporting of suspected abuse within 48 hours if there is reasonable cause. Persons in certain professions— teachers, doctors, counselors, police officers, social workers, and health professionals—are legally mandated to report suspicions of abuse or neglect to Washington State abuse authorities (RCW 26.44.030).

It is the policy of the Archdiocese of Seattle that all of the following groups are required to follow the mandated guidelines for reporting suspected abuse of children and vulnerable adults:

- **Priests** (outside of Sacramental Confession)
- **Deacons**
- **Employees:**
  - All Parish Personnel
  - All School Personnel
  - All Chancery Personnel
  - All employees of any agency of the Archdiocese of Seattle
- **Volunteers:**
  - Catechists
  - Coaches
  - Scout Leaders
  - Youth Leaders
  - Any other individual with ongoing, unsupervised access to minors or vulnerable adults

Individuals making a report in good faith to the Washington State Department of Social and Health Services (DSHS) or local authorities are protected from retaliatory actions.

## **Who Are Vulnerable Adults?**

- Any persons over 60 unable to care for themselves
- Certain individuals with developmental disabilities
- Anyone over 18 who has a legal guardian
- Individuals receiving in-home care through a licensed health hospice, home health care agency, or from an aide hired on their own

Have as much information about the victim as possible, including:

- Name
- Age (approximate is acceptable)
- Address
- Telephone number
- Name of parent or guardian
- Nature of abuse
- Name/address/telephone of abuser (if known)

*Please Note:* If the alleged abuse involves Archdiocesan personnel—priests, deacons, teachers, employees or volunteers at schools or parishes—call the Archdiocese of Seattle within 48 hours of learning of alleged abuse (1-800-446-7762). Or, you may write to the Archbishop at:

710 9th Avenue  
Seattle, WA 98104

**FOR IMMEDIATE LIFE-THREATENING EMERGENCIES, CALL 9-1-1.**

Policy for the Prevention of and Response to

# SEXUAL ABUSE, SEXUAL MISCONDUCT AND SEXUAL HARASSMENT

ARCHDIOCESE OF SEATTLE

Office of Human Resources

October 1, 2007 | Revised, July 2011 | Revised, June 2015



## CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION .....	2
POLICY .....	2
DEFINITIONS .....	2-4
SCREENING AND SELECTION .....	4
TRAINING .....	5
REPORTING .....	5
RESPONDING TO ALLEGATIONS AGAINST CHURCH PERSONNEL .....	6



---

## INTRODUCTION

The Archdiocese of Seattle deeply cherishes the bond of sacred trust between its people and the clergy and lay ministers of the Church. As a faith community, we acknowledge the inherent worth and dignity of every person as created in the image and likeness of God. Sexual abuse, sexual misconduct and sexual harassment are abusive and harmful actions that have no place in the Church community, or in society at large.

The Archdiocese of Seattle has had a long commitment to the protection of children, youth and vulnerable adults. For more than twenty years, the Archdiocese has taken steps to assure the safety of those who are served in our parishes, schools and agencies. With the promulgation of this updated policy, we expand upon our historical efforts as we move beyond compliance and toward conversion.

*The Policy for the Prevention of and Response to Sexual Abuse, Sexual Misconduct and Sexual Harassment* applies to all Church personnel while ministering and working for parishes, schools, chancery offices and agencies of the Corporation of the Catholic Archbishop of Seattle (hereinafter referred to as “Archdiocese”).

This policy is effective October 1, 2007. It replaces the *Policy for Prevention of Sexual Abuse and Response to Allegations of Sexual Abuse of Minors* (October, 2004) and *Ministerial Responsibility Requirements* (October, 2000), and is to be administered in an open, straightforward and evenhanded manner with a commitment to providing professional assistance and compassionate support to victims; professional evaluation, due process and accountability for the accused; full cooperation with civil authorities; and prevention, education, screening and formation for the entire community. It was developed in consultation with the Archdiocesan Review Board and other professional community resource persons from the fields of counseling, law, pastoral care, education and research. We are most grateful for their expertise and assistance.

This policy is promulgated as particular law for the Archdiocese of Seattle and is complementary to the United States Conference of Catholic Bishops (USCCB) *Charter for the Protection of Children and Young People* and the *Essential Norms for Diocesan Policies Dealing with Allegations of Sexual Abuse of Minors by Priests or Deacons*, which became the approved canon law for the Church in the United States in 2003 and were revised in June 2005.

## POLICY

**Sexual abuse, sexual misconduct and sexual harassment between Church personnel and those in their care is a violation of the ministerial relationship as well as Catholic moral teaching. Sexual abuse, sexual misconduct and sexual harassment between Church personnel and those in their care is prohibited and is subject to disciplinary action up to and including dismissal from employment, ministry and/or the clerical state.**

## DEFINITIONS

**Sexual abuse** is any form of sexual contact or conduct involving minors, vulnerable adults or non-consenting adults. Sexual abuse may include direct sexual contact as well as other exploitive behaviors including but not limited to:

- Inappropriate verbal stimulation;
- Taking or showing sexually explicit photographs of or to a minor or vulnerable adult; or
- Exposing a minor or vulnerable adult to pornography or other sexual activity.

---

**Sexual misconduct** is sexual contact or conduct with an adult who may otherwise be consenting, however the following conditions are in place:

- The perpetrator is acting on behalf of or representing a parish, school, institution or agency of the Archdiocese; and
- There is a ministerial relationship of trust; therefore
- A disparity of power is presumed.

**Sexual harassment**, is unwelcome advances, request for sexual favors or other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature when:

- Submission to such a conduct is made either explicitly or implicitly a term or condition of an individual's employment; or
- Submission to or rejection of such conduct by an individual is used as a basis for employment decisions affecting such individual; or
- Such conduct has the purpose or effect of unreasonably interfering with an individual's work performance or creating an intimidating, hostile or offensive working environment.

Sexual harassment may include, but is not limited to: sexual comments, innuendoes, displays or jokes; unwelcome invitations to sexual activity; unwelcome touches, pinches or hugs; or pressure to engage in sexual activity as a condition of employment or promotion.

**Minors** are individuals under the age of 18.

**Vulnerable adults** include:

- Any person over 60 unable to care for him or herself;
- Certain individuals with developmental disabilities;
- Anyone over the age of 18 who has a legal guardian;
- Individuals receiving in home care through a licensed health, hospice or home health care agency or from an aide hired on their own;
- Certain individuals receiving pastoral care services;<sup>1</sup> or
- Individuals incarcerated in a correctional facility.<sup>2</sup>

**Church personnel** include the following:

### 1. Priests and deacons (clerics)

- a. Clerics incardinated in the Archdiocese;
- b. Clerics who are members of religious institutes or in other forms of consecrated life, and are assigned to pastoral work in the Archdiocese or who are otherwise engaged in the care of souls, the public exercise of divine worship and other works of the apostolate (c.678);
- c. Clerics of other jurisdictions who are assigned to pastoral work in the Archdiocese, whether or not seeking incardination within the Archdiocese;
- d. Clerics who are otherwise legitimately residing within the territory of the Archdiocese and are engaged in part-time or supply ministry.

### 2. Seminarians

- a. Seminarians enrolled in the seminary program of the Archdiocese;

---

1. "Certain individuals receiving pastoral care services" added for policy revision effective June 2011.

2. "Individuals incarcerated in a correctional facility" added for policy revision effective July 2011.

---

### 3. Religious (Men and Women)

- a. Member of religious institutes or societies of apostolic life who are working for the Archdiocese's parishes, schools or agencies or who are otherwise engaged in the care of souls, the public exercise of divine worship and other works of the apostolate (c.678);
- b. Hermits and consecrated virgins legitimately residing within the Archdiocese.

### 4. Lay Faithful

- a. All paid employees of the parishes, schools or agencies of the Archdiocese;
- b. All volunteers authorized to perform services entered into of his/her own free will on behalf of the parishes, schools or agencies of the Archdiocese and who have ongoing unsupervised contact with minors or vulnerable adults.

## SCREENING AND SELECTION

No individual with a known criminal conviction for sexual abuse of a minor or vulnerable adult, sexual misconduct or violence is allowed to engage in paid or volunteer work for the Archdiocese. In any case in which there is no known criminal conviction but in which the sexual abuse of a minor or vulnerable adult, sexual misconduct or violence is admitted or established, the individual who committed the established or admitted offense is not allowed to engage in paid or volunteer work for the Archdiocese.

### Application Forms

All regular employees must complete and sign the standard employment application form prior to being considered for employment.

Volunteers with ongoing unsupervised contact with minors or vulnerable adults are encouraged to complete and sign an application form.

### Background Checks

All Church personnel are required to successfully undergo a criminal background check conducted by the Archdiocese every three years.

### References

Clerics from other jurisdictions and members of religious institutes or societies of apostolic life must supply written references from their legitimate superior including disclosure of anything in the person's history or behavior that would make him or her unsuitable for ministry, including prior allegations of sexual abuse, sexual misconduct or sexual harassment.

Candidates for employment must have the following completed prior to the extension of an offer of employment:

- Prior employment confirmed;
- Previous two supervisors contacted;
- If they were employed previously by a parish, school or agency in the Archdiocese of Seattle, the former appointed pastoral leader, principal or supervisor must be contacted and the Office of Human Resources at the Chancery must be contacted; or
- If they are to be employed as a teacher or principal they must have completed the application process, and been approved as a candidate, through the Catholic Schools Department.

---

## Psychological Screening

All applicants to the priesthood and/or permanent diaconate, as well as priests and deacons seeking incardination in the Archdiocese, are required to participate in psychological screening by a qualified professional, to assess their fitness for ministry and their fitness to work with minors.

## **TRAINING**

### New Church Personnel Training

Individuals entering into service for the Archdiocese are required to complete the following within three days of starting work:

- Signed statement of receipt and agreement to adhere to the *Policy for the Prevention of and Response to Sexual Abuse, Sexual Misconduct and Sexual Harassment*;
- Signed statement of receipt and agreement to adhere to the *Code of Professional Conduct for Church Personnel*;
- Signed statement of receipt and agreement to adhere to *Reporting Suspected Abuse or Neglect of Minors and Vulnerable Adults*.

Individuals entering into service for the Archdiocese are required to complete the *Protecting God's Children* training program within 90 days of beginning work.

### Ongoing Church Personnel Training

Church personnel are required to participate in ongoing trainings as defined by the current terms of the Safe Environment Program training requirements.

### Other Training Participants

Volunteers who do not have ongoing unsupervised contact with minors or vulnerable adults, parents, youth and members of the community-at-large are encouraged to attend trainings offered by the Archdiocese.

## **REPORTING**

### Reporting Suspected Sexual Abuse

Church personnel who have reasonable cause<sup>3</sup> to suspect sexual abuse of a minor or vulnerable adult are required to report the suspected abuse within 48 hours of learning of it. The report is to be made to the Washington State Department of Social and Health Services (DSHS) hotline at 1-866-363-4276.<sup>4</sup>

If the alleged abuse involves Church personnel, the reporting individual is required to contact the Archdiocese of Seattle Hotline at 1-800-446-7762 after having made the report to Washington State DSHS.

If the alleged abuse involves a teacher or principal, the Office of Professional Practices in the Office of the Superintendent of Public Instruction at 360-725-6130 must be notified by the Catholic Schools Department.<sup>1</sup>

---

3. "Reasonable cause" means a situation that would motivate a person of ordinary intelligence under the circumstances to believe, based on observations or conversations that a child has been or is being abused.

4. "The proper law enforcement agency or" added for policy revision effective April 2009. For assistance in identifying the proper law enforcement agency, contact the Safe Environment Office at (206) 274-3188.

---

## RESPONDING TO ALLEGATIONS AGAINST CHURCH PERSONNEL

### Allegations of Sexual Abuse of a Minor or Vulnerable Adult

When there is sufficient evidence that sexual abuse of a minor or vulnerable adult by Church personnel may have occurred, the Archbishop initiates an investigation in accord with the norms of canon law. The Archbishop determines whether the evidence is sufficient.

The Archdiocese cooperates with civil authorities in matters under investigation.

During investigations by civil authorities or the Archdiocese, the subject of the investigation is placed on administrative leave for his/her own protection as well as the safety of the community and/or co-workers. During the administrative leave, the individual continues to receive any compensation and benefits that had been regularly received prior to the investigation. The length of the administrative leave is dependent on the course of the investigation.

Steps are taken at all times to protect the rights of all persons involved in the investigation, including the right to the protection of one's privacy and the right to a good reputation (c. 220). Any allegation of sexual abuse involving a priest or deacon is investigated in accord with the USCCB's Essential Norms.

When even a single act of sexual abuse of a minor or vulnerable adult is admitted or established after the process in accord with canon law or civil law, the offending party is to be removed permanently from ecclesiastical ministry, Church employment or volunteer work, not excluding dismissal from the clerical state, if the case so warrants (c. 1395 §2).

When an allegation of sexual abuse is not substantiated after the established process, the subject of the investigation is reinstated to his or her position. The Archdiocese works with the individual to protect, or if necessary, restore his or her good name and reputation.

### Allegations of Sexual Misconduct or Harassment

When there is sufficient evidence that sexual misconduct or harassment by Church personnel may have occurred, the Archbishop initiates an investigation in accord with the norms of canon law. The Archbishop determines whether the evidence is sufficient.

During investigations of sexual misconduct or harassment the subject of the investigation may be placed on administrative leave for his/her own protection as well as the safety of the community and/or co-workers. During the administrative leave, the individual continues to receive any compensation and benefits that had been regularly received prior to the investigation. The length of the administrative leave is dependent on the course of the investigation.

Steps are taken at all times to protect the rights of all persons involved in the investigation, including the right to the protection of one's privacy and the right to a good reputation.

When sexual misconduct or harassment by Church personnel is admitted or established after the established process, the offending party is subject to appropriate disciplinary action up to and including termination of employment or volunteer work, in accord with the norms of canon law.

When an allegation of sexual misconduct or harassment by Church personnel is not substantiated after the established process, the subject of the investigation is reinstated to his or her position. The Archdiocese works with the individual to protect or restore his or her good name and reputation.

Copyright © 2007 Archdiocese of Seattle.

All rights reserved. Parishes, schools and all other agencies of the Archdiocese of Seattle are permitted to reproduce all or part of this document for distribution to Church personnel. For all other persons, organizations and parties, no part of this document may be reproduced or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, recording or by any information storage and retrieval system without permission in writing from the Archdiocese of Seattle.

First printing October 2007 | Revised, April 2009 | Revised, July 2011 | Revised, June 2015

# CODE OF PROFESSIONAL CONDUCT FOR CHURCH PERSONNEL

ARCHDIOCESE OF SEATTLE

Office of Human Resources

October 1, 2007 | Revised June 2015



Church personnel\* are called to high standards of ethical conduct and personal integrity. In our work, including as it relates to conduct, all have a sacred responsibility to uphold Church teaching. Furthermore, those in leadership roles and ministerial positions have a responsibility to lead a personal life that bears witness to Catholic teaching and avoids scandal.



---

\* Church personnel include clerics, religious men and women, and lay employees and volunteers in the Archdiocese of Seattle as defined in the Policy for Prevention of and Response to Sexual Abuse, Sexual Misconduct and Sexual Harassment.

**In order to assure that Church personnel act in a manner consistent with Church teaching and ethical standards, Church personnel are required to:**

- Respect the dignity of each person as made in the image and likeness of God;
- Protect those who are vulnerable, including those who are young, elderly, living with disabilities, grieving and under emotional or mental stress;
- Maintain appropriate professional boundaries to avoid impropriety or the appearance of impropriety;
- Conduct themselves in a manner that is consistent with the discipline, norms and teachings of the Church;
- Follow Archdiocesan policies;
- Maintain confidentiality;
- Refer people to appropriate professional resources for counseling services;
- Respect the right of all persons to a good reputation; and
- Report violations of policy or suspected violations of policy to the appropriate civil and/or Church authorities.

**Church personnel are prohibited from engaging in the following conduct. This list is not exhaustive.**

- Crimes against persons;
- Immoral conduct;
- Actions disruptive to ministry and public worship;
- Stealing or any form of theft, including misappropriation of Church funds;
- Possession or distribution of pornographic material;
- Adultery, promiscuity or illicit co-habitation;
- Engaging in sexual abuse, sexual misconduct or sexual harassment; or
- Failure to follow Archdiocesan policies.

## **APPROPRIATE INTERACTIONS**

Appropriate interactions between Church personnel and minors or vulnerable adults are a positive aspect of Church life and ministry and promote healthy development. Depending on the circumstances, the following forms of interaction are customarily (but not always) regarded as appropriate.

**Examples of Appropriate Physical Contact:**

- Short hugs (particularly side to side hugs);
- Pats on the shoulder or back;
- Handshakes;
- “High-fives;”
- Holding hands while walking with small children;
- Sitting beside small children;
- Kneeling or bending down for hugs with small children; or
- Holding hands during prayer.

### **Examples of Appropriate Behavior:**

- Maintaining professional relationships with minors or vulnerable adults and their families;
- Following appropriate instructions of parent or guardian;
- Informing parent or guardian of activities; or
- Acquiring appropriate signed permission forms for all events.

### **Examples of Appropriate Verbal Interactions:**

- Positive reinforcement;
- Verbal praise; or
- Appropriate jokes and age-appropriate humor.

## **INAPPROPRIATE INTERACTIONS**

Some forms of interaction with minors or vulnerable adults have been used by adults to initiate inappropriate contact. Physical contact should generally be initiated by minors or vulnerable adults. In order to maintain a safe environment for minors and vulnerable adults, the following are examples of activities to be avoided.

### **Examples of Inappropriate Physical Interactions:**

- Lengthy hugs or forceful frontal hugs;
- Kisses on the mouth;
- Holding minors over four years old on the lap;
- Touching buttocks or genital areas;
- Being in bed with a minor;
- Wrestling;
- Tickling;
- Piggyback rides; or
- Any type of massage given by or to Church personnel.

### **Examples of Inappropriate Behavior:**

- Giving personal email, telephone number or residence location to a minor, vulnerable adult or person to whom they minister;
- Being alone with a minor or vulnerable adult in a private setting;
- Allowing minors or vulnerable adults to break rules or violate the law;
- Offering alcohol to minors or illegal drugs to anyone;
- Using, possessing or being under the influence of alcohol or illegal drugs in the presence of minors to whom they minister;
- Showers with or in the immediate presence of a minor or vulnerable adult;
- Exposing a minor or vulnerable adult to sexually oriented or morally inappropriate materials;
- Transporting a minor or vulnerable adult alone;
- Giving gifts to minors or vulnerable adults, except with the consent of the parent or guardian and when distributed equitably; or
- Giving money to minors or vulnerable adults.

## Examples of Inappropriate Verbal Interactions:

- Swearing;
- Telling sexually suggestive jokes;
- Shaming;
- Comments relating to physique or body development;
- Involving minors or vulnerable adults in personal problems or issues of adults;
- Asking minors or vulnerable adults to keep secrets from their parents or guardians;
- Derogatory remarks about a minor or vulnerable adults family; or
- Engaging in sexually oriented conversations unless part of a legitimate lesson in an approved program, in accord with Church teaching.

## ELECTRONIC/ONLINE CONDUCT

How we publicly represent ourselves and our programs to the public should reflect our identity as Church. The standards of ethical conduct and personal integrity extend to all forms of written, verbal and electronic communications.

- Social networking sites (which includes but is not limited to: MySpace, Facebook, etc.) should not be used in connection with any official parish or archdiocesan program.
- Church personnel using social networking sites for personal use should be aware that any information displayed therein may be evaluated in light of the individual's position in the Church. These sites should not be used to have contact with people to whom they minister or provide any program or parish information.
- Church personnel should not email people to whom they minister from a private email account. All correspondence should be through a work email address (or email designated for work use).
  - When serving minors, all communication should also be copied to supervisor (or parents).
- Church personnel should not communicate via instant messenger (“chat”) with people to whom they minister from a private account.
- Church personnel should not text message with people to whom they minister from a private account.

**ARCHDIOCESAN HOTLINE: 1-800-446-7762**

---

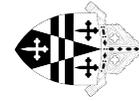
Copyright © 2007 Archdiocese of Seattle

All rights reserved. Parishes, schools and all other agencies of the Archdiocese of Seattle are permitted to reproduce all or part of this document for distribution to Church personnel. For all other persons, organizations and parties, no part of this document may be reproduced or transmitted in any form or by any means, electronic or mechanical, including photocopying, recording or by any information storage and retrieval system without permission in writing from the Archdiocese of Seattle.

First printing October 2007  
Reprinted, April 2009  
Revised, June 2015



REVISED JUNE 2015



ARCHDIOCESE OF SEATTLE  
710 9th Avenue | Seattle, WA 98104

# Reporting Suspected Abuse or Neglect of Minors and Vulnerable Adults



GUIDELINES FOR  
CLERGY, STAFF  
AND VOLUNTEERS  
OF THE  
ARCHDIOCESE  
OF SEATTLE



## OUR POLICY SAYS:

The Archdiocese of Seattle deeply cherishes the bond of sacred trust between its people and the clergy and lay ministers of the Church. As a faith community, we acknowledge the inherent worth and dignity of every person as created in the image and likeness of God. Sexual abuse, sexual misconduct and sexual harassment are abusive and harmful actions that have no place in the Church community, or in society at large.

Pastoral care, compassion, healing and reconciliation are the special hallmarks of the Catholic community. When anyone has been injured or the bond of sacred trust has been violated by those in positions of responsibility, the Archdiocese of Seattle is committed to address these matters in a sensitive, open and straightforward manner. These important values will always guide our response as we address the tragedy of sexual abuse of minors or misconduct by clergy, employees or volunteers.

For more information, go to:  
[www.seattlearchdiocese.org/SEP/Default.aspx](http://www.seattlearchdiocese.org/SEP/Default.aspx)  
Archdiocesan Hotline: 1-800-446-7762





## HOW IS ABUSE DEFINED?

Abuse refers to an intentional act committed by a person in a position of trust which harms or threatens to harm a minor's (under age 18) or vulnerable adult's physical or mental welfare.

## WHAT ARE THE FOUR BASIC TYPES OF ABUSE?

1. **Physical Abuse** occurs when an adult injures a child or vulnerable adult and it is not an accident.
2. **Neglect** is any maltreatment or negligence that harms a child's or vulnerable adult's health, welfare or safety.
3. **Emotional Abuse** occurs when an adult subjects a child or vulnerable adult to verbal assault or emotional cruelty.
4. **Sexual Abuse** involves sexual contact between a child or vulnerable adult and an adult or significantly older, more powerful person.  
This may include direct sexual contact as well as other exploitive behaviors such as:
  - inappropriate verbal stimulation;
  - taking or showing sexually explicit photographs of or to a child or youth;
  - exposing a child or youth to pornography or adult sexual activity.

## WHO ARE VULNERABLE ADULTS?

- Any person over 60 unable to care for him or herself
- Certain individuals with developmental disabilities
- Anyone over 18 who has a legal guardian
- Individuals receiving in-home care through a licensed health, hospice or home health care agency or from an aide hired on their own

## WHAT IS A MANDATED REPORTER?

Washington State law requires the reporting of suspected abuse within 48 hours if there is reasonable cause to believe/suspect abuse has occurred. Persons in helping professions—teachers, doctors, counselors, police officers, social workers, health professionals—are legally mandated to report suspicions of abuse or neglect to Washington State abuse authorities (RCW 26.44.030).

It is the policy of the Archdiocese of Seattle that all of the following groups are required to follow the mandated guidelines for reporting suspected abuse of children and vulnerable adults:

**Priests** (outside of Sacramental Confession)

**Deacons**

**Employees:**

- All school personnel
- Pastoral staff who work with minors or vulnerable adults:
  - Children's choir masters
  - RCIA and RCIC instructors
  - Religious education staff
  - Youth ministers

**Volunteers:**

- Catechists
- Coaches
- Scout leaders
- Youth leaders
- And, any other individuals who have regular, ongoing, unsupervised access to minors or vulnerable adults.

*Individuals making a good faith report to the Washington State Department of Social and Health Services (DSHS) or local authorities are protected from retaliatory actions.*

## WHAT TO DO:

If you suspect that a child or vulnerable adult is being (or has been) abused call the proper law enforcement agency or the Washington State DSHS hotline within 48 hours at 1-866-END-HARM (1-866-363-4276 TTY accessible).

Be sure that you have as much information about the victim as possible including:

- **Name**
- **Age** (approximate is OK)
- **Address**
- **Telephone number**
- **Name of parent or guardian**
- **Nature of the abuse**
- **Name/address/telephone of abuser** (if known)

*(If your report was made in good faith, you are immune from civil or criminal liability regardless of the outcome of the investigation.)*

**If you are calling about an immediate life-threatening emergency, call 9-1-1.**

**Please Note:** If the alleged abuse involves Archdiocesan personnel—priests, deacons, teachers, employees or volunteers at schools or parishes—please call the Archdiocese of Seattle Hotline within 48 hours of learning of alleged abuse.

**Archdiocese of Seattle Hotline:**

1-800-446-7762

**Or, you may write to the Archbishop at:**

710 9th Avenue, Seattle, WA 98104